

Regulation 1107/2009 and Directive 2009/128

Industry Experience with the Implementation of
Plant Protection Products Legislation

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Content

Regulation 1107/2009

- Review of specific provisions
 - Implementation progress and industry view
- Industry experience feedback

Directive 2009/128

- Overall situation

Conclusions



Regulation 1107/2009

Review of specific provisions

Implementation progress and industry view

Industry experience feedback

Regulation 1107/2009

Approval criteria – Endocrine Disruption (1)

Parliament Report due February 2013

– MEP Westlund rapporteur

- *‘Assessment should be hazard-based’*
- *‘Regulatory classes should be created’*
- *‘Low dose and non-linear response to be taken into account’*

Regulation 1107/2009

Approval criteria – Endocrine Disruption (2)

In 2013, Commission expected to:

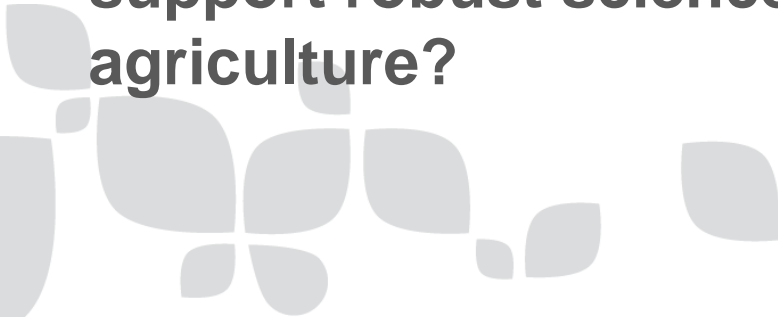
- Update thematic strategy on ED
- Issue general regulatory framework (June communication?)
- Adopt biocides regulatory criteria by Dec 2013
- Propose pesticides ED criteria by Dec 2013

EFSA to issue an opinion on fundamental ED questions (Mar 2013)

Regulation 1107/2009


Approval criteria – Endocrine Disruption (3)

- **Four MS have proposed regulatory criteria (DE, UK, FR, Dk)**
- **Industry:**
 - Challenges low dose effects significance
 - Promotes robust/balanced science
 - Promotes potency in defining ED criteria
 - Supports categorization for decisions but not classification
- **Authorities to provide inputs into discussions, support robust science and consider impact on agriculture?**



Regulation 1107/2009

Approval criteria – Endocrine Disruption (4)

 **Nomisma study: evaluation of the impact of a hypothetical loss of azole fungicides in EU-27 wheat production:**

- Wheat production decrease 7% (2013) to 12% (2020) (EU27)
- EU27 to become net importer (from net exporter)
- Immediate increase in grain prices and price volatility

Regulation 1107/2009

Approval criteria – POP/PBT/vPvB

- ▶ **Commission working group looking at criteria for CfS and approval decisions**
- ▶ **Industry:**
 - Supports the overall balanced approach proposed
 - Promotes compartmentalization
 - Extension to metabolites not compliant with 1107
 - Recommends careful selection of aquatox endpoints
- ▶ **Authorities to ensure predictable criteria and consider impact on agriculture, particularly CfS?**

Regulation 1107/2009

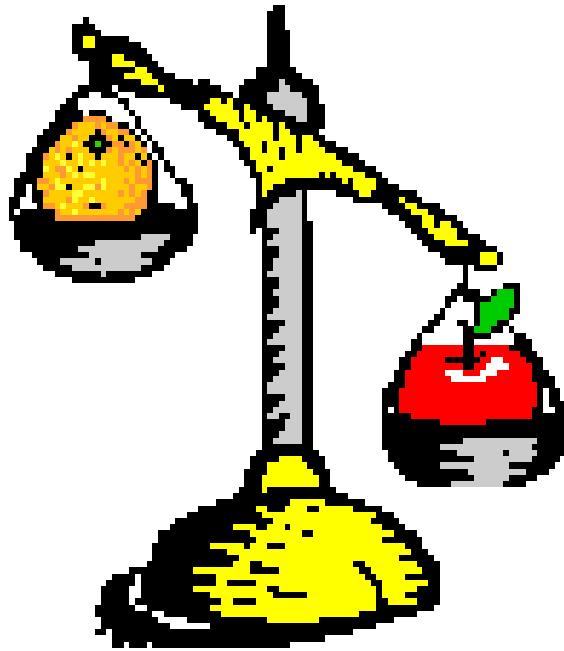
Candidates for substitution

- ▶ **Commission to contract out draft list**
- ▶ **Industry:**
 - Keep list as short as possible
 - Supports robust scientific peer review & latest info to be taken into account
 - Communicates on vulnerability of CfS list
- ▶ **Authorities to support short list & robust review, to limit workload impact and actively communicate about list?**



Regulation 1107/2009

Comparative Assessment



- Swedish draft process guidance (progress?)
- Industry guidance available:
 - Minimize workload
 - Limit substitutions



Regulation 1107/2009 AIR

- ▶ **Legislative package adopted**
- ▶ **Extension regulation(s) pending for 2nd and 3rd groups**
- ▶ **Industry overall OK with design**



Regulation 1107/2009

Zonal

- Capacity reached/exceeded in most MS
- No real progress since application date
- No progress towards eliminating MS-specific requirements
- More dialogue between authorities required for finding solutions and minimize national requirements



Regulation 1107/2009

Miscellaneous

Confirmatory data:






- Block decisions in certain MS
- Alternative notifiers should be allowed to submit

New data requirements:


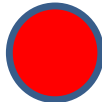



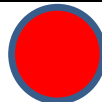
- Welcome and less welcome changes
- Undergoing adoption process with pending issues

Scientific guidance: need for consistent adoption / enforcement process

Industry experience with implementation of Regulation 1107/2009 (October 2012) (1)

Objectives of Regulation 1107/2009	Recitals	Industry view on progress		
Protect...				
... humans, animals, environment (high level of protection)	8, 24, 35			
Harmonize...				
... rules & criteria, active substances	9, 10, 55			
... rules & criteria, PPPs	25			
... list of active substances	10			
... availability and free movement of PPPs across Member States	9, 29			

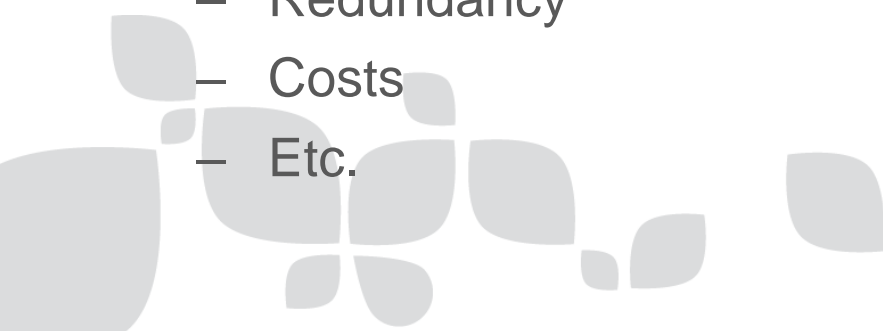
Industry experience with implementation of Regulation 1107/2009 (October 2012) (2)

Objectives of Regulation 1107/2009	Recitals	Industry view on progress		
Promote ...				
... predictability, efficiency and consistency, active substance approval	12			
... predictability, efficiency and consistency, PPP authorisation	25			
... transparency of the evaluation process	12			
... low risk a.s. and PPPs	17		?	
... minor uses	30			
... non-chemical methods	19, 20		?	
... non-animal testing methods	40		?	
... cooperation between MS	28, 37			
... innovation	34, 39			

Industry experience (cont'd)

Key observations

- Commission/MS authorities very active in 2012: guidance documents, AIR package, etc.
- Persistent disconnect between available resources and 1107 obligations
- Disconcerting trends towards 'ever more':
 - Data
 - Details
 - Conservatism
 - Safety
 - Redundancy
 - Costs
 - Etc.



Directive 2009/128

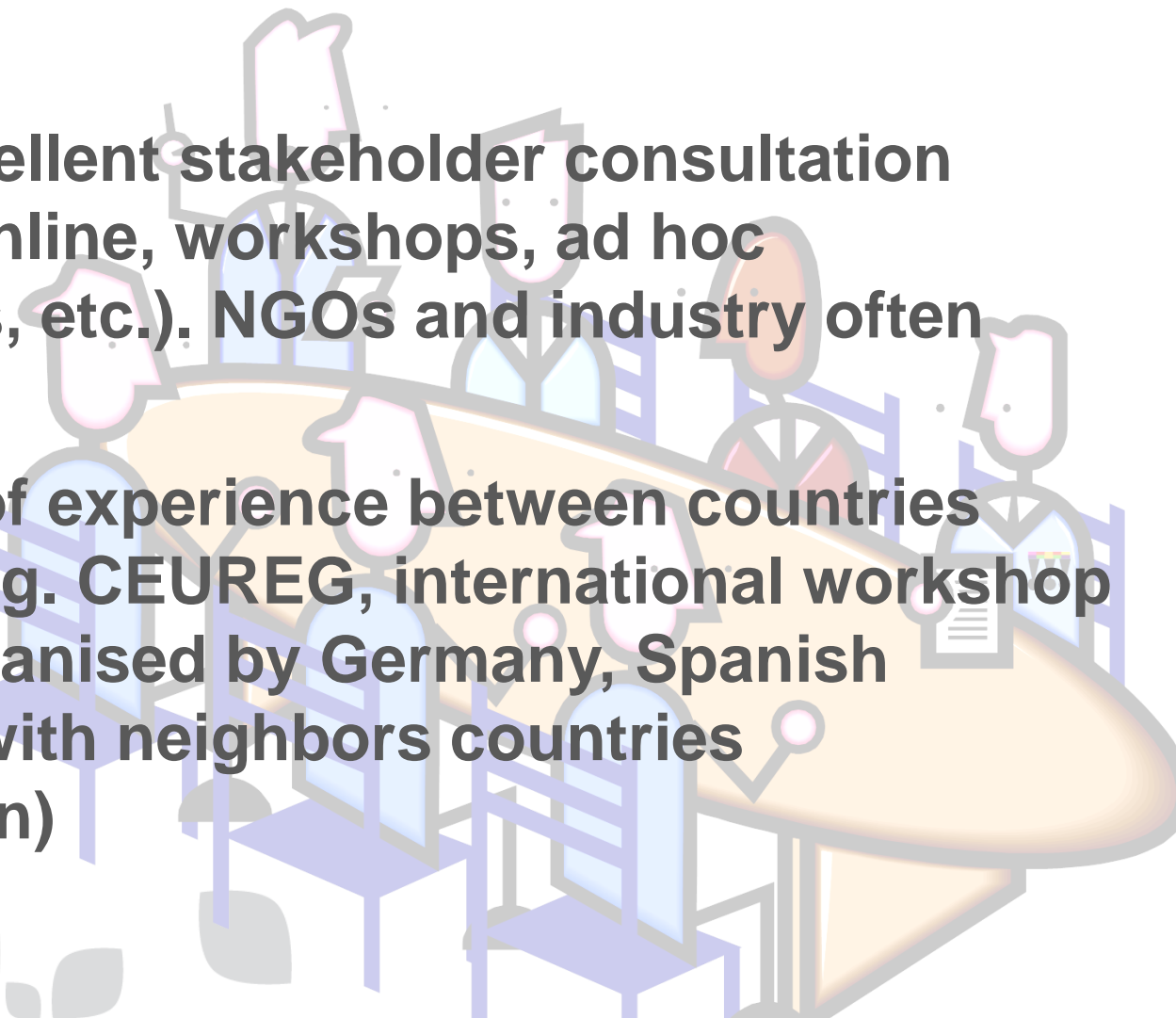
Overall situation

Directive 2009/128 NAPs (1)

- ▶ **No overall view of NAPs and content**
 - Specific measures, indicators, etc.
- ▶ **Most MS claim to be on time (Nov2012 deadline)**
 - MS with existing schemes likely to be
- ▶ **Most MS pursue risk rather than volume reduction (but FR, Dk)**



Directive 2009/128 NAPs (2)

- Overall excellent stakeholder consultation reported (online, workshops, ad hoc committees, etc.). NGOs and industry often associated
 - Exchange of experience between countries reported (e.g. CEUREG, international workshop on SUD organised by Germany, Spanish workshop with neighbors countries participation)
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Directive 2009/128

IPM

- No community developments – MS to adapt IPM to their national/regional/local situations
- IPM will become the standard in EU agriculture as from 2014:
 - Important to ensure a pragmatic approach allowing farmers to use all necessary tools
 - Important to avoid putting European farmers at competitive disadvantage
 - Industry opposed to negative lists
- Anything beyond implementation of Annex III principles should be voluntary



Conclusions

Large amount of pragmatism in regulatory community to 'make it work'

Impact on resources clearly underestimated by Legislators

Some trends unsustainable

- ▶ Time to full functionality much longer than anticipated
- ▶ Urgent need for MS to 'staff up' or make larger use of mutual recognition
- ▶ Time for science, not politics



Thank you for your attention

